

**WEST ORANGE-COVE
CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT
SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL
REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED**

JUNE 30, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FINANCIAL SECTION

MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

November 15, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion on pages 4-9, analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 40, 51-52, and the schedules related to net pension liability and net OPEB liability on pages XXXX, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2021, on our consideration of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

FINANCIAL SECTION

In this section of the Annual Financial Report, we, the managers of the Lumberton Independent School District (the District), discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 2, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was (\$1,224,606) at June 30, 2021.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$216,599 more than the \$43,470,722 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$12,958,976. Of this amount, \$12,157,016 is for unrestricted use by the District.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements include three components: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements, and (3) required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities that provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) as opposed to business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds, *not* the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- **Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the General Fund. Data for the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The Texas Education Agency also requires the District to present a budgetary comparison statement for one of its special revenue funds (food service) and the debt service fund.

- **Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 18-19.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20-43 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on page 44-50 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and Changes in Net Position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

The District's combined net position was (\$1,224,606) at June 30, 2021. (See Table I)

Table I
West Orange-Cove Consolidated ISD
Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	Change
Current and Other Asset	\$ 32,459,637	\$ 40,083,365	\$ (7,623,728)
Capital Assets	62,784,528	62,330,332	454,196
Total Assets	95,244,165	102,413,697	(7,169,532)
Deferred Outflow - Other	-	435,990	(435,990)
Deferred Outflow - Pension	2,812,673	3,917,092	(1,104,419)
Deferred Outflow - OPEB	1,081,518	1,405,061	(323,543)
Total Deferred Outflows	3,894,191	5,758,143	(1,863,952)
Long-term Liabilities	87,230,486	95,474,670	(8,244,184)
Other Liabilities	3,860,597	6,239,587	(2,378,990)
Total Liabilities	91,091,083	101,714,257	(10,623,174)
Deferred Inflow - Pension	1,392,146	1,431,615	(39,469)
Deferred Inflow - OPEB	7,879,733	6,016,447	1,863,286
Total Deferred Inflows	9,271,879	7,448,062	1,823,817
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Asset	(6,853,314)	(312,316)	(6,540,998)
Restricted	13,989,338	9,819,560	4,169,778
Unrestricted	(8,360,630)	(10,497,723)	2,137,093
Total Net Position	\$ (1,224,606)	\$ (990,479)	\$ (234,127)

Approximately (\$6.9) million of the District's net position represent investments in capital assets net of related debt. The (\$8.4) million of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Changes in net position. The Districts total revenues were \$43.5 million. A portion, 56 percent, of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes, 18 percent comes from grants and contributions, while only 19 percent relates to charges for services and operating grants, and the remaining 7 percent relates to investment earnings and other miscellaneous revenue.

Total Cost of all programs and services was \$43,687,321. The net position of the District's governmental activities for the current year decreased by \$216,599 (see Table II on page 7 of this report).

WEST ORANGE-COVE CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2021

Key elements of the governmental activities of the District are reflected in the following table.

Table II
West Orange-Cove Consolidated ISD
Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 228,501	\$ 330,586	\$ (102,085)
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,861,581	9,681,486	(1,819,905)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	24,502,676	24,583,843	(81,167)
Grants and Contributions	7,648,716	4,555,759	3,092,957
Investment Earnings	127,743	549,814	(422,071)
Miscellaneous	2,973,348	175,402	2,797,946
Total Revenue	43,342,565	39,876,890	3,465,675
Expenses			
Instruction	17,444,976	18,593,608	(1,148,632)
Instrucitonal Resources and Media	272,333	485,885	(213,552)
Curriculum and Staff Development	995,153	906,410	88,743
Instructional Leadership	1,065,867	943,060	122,807
School Leadership	1,644,400	1,635,596	8,804
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation	840,539	952,741	(112,202)
Social Work Services	388,457	343,143	45,314
Health Services	385,579	254,868	130,711
Student Transportation	1,298,353	1,259,430	38,923
Food Services	1,641,051	1,833,268	(192,217)
Extracurricular Activities	870,093	1,971,728	(1,101,635)
General Adminsitration	1,583,696	1,744,506	(160,810)
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	11,441,138	4,331,970	7,109,168
Security and Monitoring Services	315,647	303,898	11,749
Data Processing Services	503,935	430,305	73,630
Community Services	23,124	22,588	536
Debt Services - Interest	2,256,481	2,167,051	89,430
Debt Services - Bond Issuance Cost	6,250	193,715	(187,465)
Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	181,820	191,901	(10,081)
Other Intergovernmental Charges	400,272	394,911	5,361
Total Expenses Governmental Activities	43,559,164	38,960,582	4,598,582
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(216,599)	916,308	(1,132,907)
Net Position - Beginning	(990,479)	(1,906,787)	916,308
Prior Period Adjusmtnet	(17,527)	-	-
Net Position - Ending	\$ (1,224,606)	\$ (990,479)	\$ (216,599)

WEST ORANGE-COVE CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
 JUNE 30, 2021

Table III presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$51.2 million, which is an increase from last year.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget a number of times. These budget items fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were provided shortly after the school year began. The second category involved moving funds from program areas that did not need or use all of the resources originally appropriated to them. The third category involved changes in state program revenues.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget as necessary. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$2,298,277 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from lower facilities maintenance and operations expenditures.

On the other hand, resources available were \$1,599,169 above the final budgeted amount. Local and state revenues were the largest positive variances, and were due to Hurricane Harvey grants and contributions and insurance recoveries that were not budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

Capital Assets. At June 30, 2021 the District had \$56.3 million (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment used for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$6,513,156 (including additions and deductions) over last year.

Table IV
West Orange-Cove Consolidated ISD
Capital Assets
Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Land	\$ 1,490,522	\$ 1,490,522
Buildings and Improvements	98,233,995	94,999,477
Equipment	13,734,297	12,899,492
Construction in Progress	11,418,827	4,575,856
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>124,877,641</u>	<u>113,965,347</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		
Buildings and Improvements	(50,692,950)	(47,160,941)
Equipment	(11,400,163)	(10,533,033)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(62,093,113)</u>	<u>(57,693,974)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 62,784,528</u>	<u>\$ 56,271,373</u>

JUNE 30, 2021

Long-Term Debt. At year-end, the District had \$3.00 million in general obligation debt at a coupon interest rate of 1.0% to 2.69% outstanding at year-end. The District's general obligation bonds carried the highest possible rating, according to national rating agencies.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEW YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2021-2022 budget and tax rate. One of those factors continues to be the economy and the unknown election results and the increasing of the local homestead exemption that will decrease the district's property value. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$12.9 million which is less than the final amended budget of 2021. If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to stay the same by the close of 2021-2022 school year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District's administration office.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021

EXHIBIT A-1

Data Control Codes	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,044,030
1120 Current Investments	29,477
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	3,324,099
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(166,205)
1240 Due from Other Governments	1,487,178
1290 Other Receivables, Net	1,218
1300 Inventories	23,326
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	1,490,522
1520 Buildings, Net	47,541,045
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	2,334,134
1580 Construction in Progress	11,418,827
1800 Restricted Assets	3,716,514
1000 Total Assets	95,244,165
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	2,812,673
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	1,081,518
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,894,191
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	433,580
2140 Interest Payable	855,825
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	661,188
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,863,554
2180 Due to Other Governments	23,808
2300 Unearned Revenue	22,642
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.	2,465,075
QFDue in More than One Year:	
2502 Bonds, Notes, Leases, etc.	67,040,902
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	8,549,499
2545 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	9,175,010
2000 Total Liabilities	91,091,083
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	1,392,146
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	7,879,733
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,271,879
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	(6,853,314)
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	358,956
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	7,394,436
3860 Restricted for Capital Projects	6,235,946
3900 Unrestricted	(8,360,630)
3000 Total Net Position	\$ (1,224,606)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	1	Program Revenues		6	
		3	4		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Gov. Governmental Activities	
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
11	Instruction	\$ 17,444,976	\$ 118,712	\$ 3,593,782	\$ (13,732,482)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	272,333	-	14,299	(258,034)
13	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	995,153	-	593,738	(401,415)
21	Instructional Leadership	1,065,867	-	358,010	(707,857)
23	School Leadership	1,644,400	-	202,218	(1,442,182)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	840,539	-	256,683	(583,856)
32	Social Work Services	388,457	-	323,831	(64,626)
33	Health Services	385,579	-	167,684	(217,895)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,298,353	-	99,836	(1,198,517)
35	Food Services	1,641,051	70,896	1,465,653	(104,502)
36	Extracurricular Activities	870,093	38,893	36,692	(794,508)
41	General Administration	1,583,696	-	135,017	(1,448,679)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	11,441,138	-	513,406	(10,927,732)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	315,647	-	20,204	(295,443)
53	Data Processing Services	503,935	-	64,957	(438,978)
61	Community Services	23,124	-	15,571	(7,553)
72	Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,256,481	-	-	(2,256,481)
73	Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	6,250	-	-	(6,250)
91	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	181,820	-	-	(181,820)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	400,272	-	-	(400,272)
	[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 43,559,164	\$ 228,501	\$ 7,861,581	(35,469,082)
Data Control Codes	General Revenues:				
	Taxes:				
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes				19,631,532
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service				4,871,144
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants				5,169,253
GC	Grants and Contributions not Restricted				2,479,463
IE	Investment Earnings				127,743
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue				408,413
E1	Extraordinary Item - resource				2,564,935
TR	Total General Revenues & Extraordinary Items				35,252,483
CN	Change in Net Position				(216,599)
NB	Net Position - Beginning				(990,479)
PA	Prior Period Adjustment				(17,528)
NE	Net Position - Ending				\$ (1,224,606)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 14,046,933	\$ 3,737,376	\$ 5,706,165
1120 Investments - Current	29,477	-	-
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	2,694,699	629,400	-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(134,735)	(31,470)	-
1240 Due from Other Governments	1,286,742	-	-
1260 Due from Other Funds	552,978	-	-
1290 Other Receivables	1,218	-	-
1300 Inventories	-	-	-
1800 Restricted Assets	-	3,716,514	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 18,477,312</u>	<u>\$ 8,051,820</u>	<u>\$ 5,706,165</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 167,846	\$ -	\$ 209,620
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	643,338	-	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,691,822	-	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	490,663	67,920	-
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	-	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>2,993,669</u>	<u>67,920</u>	<u>209,620</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	2,524,667	589,464	-
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>2,524,667</u>	<u>589,464</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable Fund Balance:			
3410 Inventories	-	-	-
3430 Prepaid Items	62,559	-	-
Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	-
3470 Capital Acquisition and Contractual Obligation	-	-	5,496,545
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	7,394,436	-
Committed Fund Balance:			
3510 Construction	739,401	-	-
Assigned Fund Balance:			
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	12,157,016	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>12,958,976</u>	<u>7,394,436</u>	<u>5,496,545</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 18,477,312</u>	<u>\$ 8,051,820</u>	<u>\$ 5,706,165</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 553,556	\$ 24,044,030
-	29,477
-	3,324,099
-	(166,205)
200,436	1,487,178
32,617	585,595
-	1,218
23,326	23,326
-	3,716,514
<u>\$ 809,935</u>	<u>\$ 33,045,232</u>
\$ 56,114	\$ 433,580
17,850	661,188
171,732	1,863,554
27,012	585,595
23,808	23,808
22,642	22,642
<u>319,158</u>	<u>3,590,367</u>
-	3,114,131
<u>-</u>	<u>3,114,131</u>
23,326	23,326
-	62,559
367,863	367,863
-	5,496,545
-	7,394,436
-	739,401
99,588	99,588
-	12,157,016
<u>490,777</u>	<u>26,340,734</u>
<u>\$ 809,935</u>	<u>\$ 33,045,232</u>

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	26,340,734
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$113,965,347 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$57,693,974). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to decrease net position.		(19,573,273)
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2021 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease net position.		16,411,904
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. At the beginning of the year, the net position related to TRS was a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amount of \$3,917,092, a Deferred Resource Inflow in the amount of \$1,431,615 and a net pension liability in the amount of \$8,728,260. The impact of this on Net Position is (6,242,783). Changes from the current year reporting of the TRS plan resulted in a decrease in net position in the amount of (\$886,189). The combination of the beginning of the year amounts and the changes during the year resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position in the amount of (\$7,128,972) .		(7,128,972)
4 The District participates in the TRS-Care plan for retirees through TRS. The District's share of the TRS plan resulted in a net OPEB liability of \$11,704,744, a deferred outflow of \$1,405,061 and a deferred inflow of \$6,016,447. This resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position of (\$16,316,130). Current year change in deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability resulted in a change in net position of (\$342,905). The net result is a decrease in net position of \$15,973,225.		(15,973,225)
5 The 2021 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(4,415,905)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		3,114,131
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(1,224,606)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 20,199,524	\$ 4,843,467	\$ 12,072
5800 State Program Revenues	6,339,279	64,624	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	2,087,865	269,456	-
5020 Total Revenues	<u>28,626,668</u>	<u>5,177,547</u>	<u>12,072</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	12,553,452	-	356,037
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	242,770	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	306,358	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	615,900	-	-
0023 School Leadership	1,342,007	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	509,920	-	-
0032 Social Work Services	18,988	-	-
0033 Health Services	188,373	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,315,946	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	678,608	-	-
0041 General Administration	1,357,338	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	10,604,388	-	8,882,596
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	301,507	-	2,390
0053 Data Processing Services	414,158	-	-
0061 Community Services	5,552	-	-
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	1,197,240	3,838,586	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	2,691,221	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	6,250	-
Intergovernmental:			
0091 Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	181,820	-	-
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	400,272	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>32,234,597</u>	<u>6,536,057</u>	<u>9,241,023</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,607,929)	(1,358,510)	(9,228,951)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:			
7919 Extraordinary Item - Resource	2,564,935	-	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,042,994)	(1,358,510)	(9,228,951)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>14,001,970</u>	<u>8,752,946</u>	<u>14,725,496</u>
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 12,958,976</u>	<u>\$ 7,394,436</u>	<u>\$ 5,496,545</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 166,925	\$ 25,221,988
213,901	6,617,804
6,415,174	8,772,495
6,796,000	40,612,287
2,886,858	15,796,347
2,381	245,151
580,668	887,026
327,651	943,551
118,009	1,460,016
231,580	741,500
322,572	341,560
159,054	347,427
40,440	1,356,386
1,603,029	1,603,029
104,476	783,084
66,055	1,423,393
398,064	19,885,048
687	304,584
40,637	454,795
15,571	21,123
-	5,035,826
-	2,691,221
-	6,250
-	181,820
-	400,272
6,897,732	54,909,409
(101,732)	(14,297,122)
-	2,564,935
(101,732)	(11,732,187)
592,509	38,072,921
\$ 490,777	\$ 26,340,734

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

EXHIBIT C-4

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (11,732,187)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2021 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease net position.	16,429,432
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(4,415,905)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	45,345
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$531,455 but also increased expenditures in the amount of \$1,417,644. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was a decrease in the amount of (\$886,189).	(886,189)
Current year changes due to GASB 75 decreased revenues in the amount of \$283,300 but also decreased expenditures in the amount of \$626,205. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was an increase in the amount of \$342,905.	342,905
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (216,599)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
<hr/>	
ASSETS	
Restricted Assets	\$ 259,652
Total Assets	<u>259,652</u>
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>259,652</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 259,652</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Earnings from Temporary Deposits	\$ 1,091
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	107,290
Total Additions	<u>108,381</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Other Deductions	<u>24,800</u>
Total Deductions	<u>24,800</u>
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	83,581
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>176,071</u>
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	<u><u>\$ 259,652</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in **GASB Statement No. 76**, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's **Financial Accountability System Resource Guide** (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District applies Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims, and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Agency Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus as they report only assets and liabilities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

1. **The General Fund** – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Governmental Funds:

1. **Special Revenue Funds** – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
2. **Debt Service Funds** – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.
3. **Capital Projects Funds** – The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.
4. **Permanent Funds** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that the principal may not be expended and where the income may only be used for purposes that support the District's programs. The District has no Permanent Funds.

Proprietary Funds:

5. **Enterprise Funds** – The District's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. The District has no enterprise funds.
6. **Internal Service Funds** – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District has no internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds:

7. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District has no Private Purpose Trust Funds.

Scholarship fund – The District has a Private Purpose Trust Fund to track scholarship monies for students.

8. **Agency Funds** – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The District's Agency Fund is list.

Student Activities - The student activities fund is used to record funds held for student organizations.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
2. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

3. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Infrastructure	50
Vehicles	10
Office Equipment	10
Computer Equipment	10

4. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable if the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restrictions of fund balance are for amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by an external entity (creditors, grantors, governmental regulations) or the restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Commitments of fund balance represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the District's Board. Assignments of fund balance are amounts set aside by the District's Superintendent or his designee with the intent they be used for specific purposes.
5. Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net position liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

6. Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.
7. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
8. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to TRS.
9. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. The District reports deferred inflows related to TRS.
10. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.
11. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other two reports are in Exhibit J4 and J5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

1. Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY Cont'd

2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.

The District overspent in in function 33. The District will monitor expenditures to ensure all amounts have been budgeted.

The District overspent in function 71. The District paid off bonds with restricted cash, this payment was unbudgeted for the year. The District will monitor debt service requirements to ensure all amounts are budgeted.

The District overspent in function 91. The District will monitor budgets to ensure amendments are made as necessary.

4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS**A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS****Cash and Cash Equivalents**District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the district complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

Foreign Currency Risk The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by limiting all deposits denominated in a foreign currency to less than 5% of all deposits.

The District classifies investment pools as cash and cash equivalents for reporting purposes. As of June 30, 2021, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents with respective maturities and credit rating:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	N/A	N/A	\$ 24,044,030	\$ 24,044,030	100.00%
Investment Pools	N/A	N/A	-	-	0.00%
Totals			<u>\$ 24,044,030</u>	<u>\$ 24,044,030</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restriction, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Investment or Investment Type</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
JP Morgan Federal Institutional	N/A	3,716,514
Fastenal stock	N/A	29,477
Total Investments		<u>\$ 3,745,991</u>

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District are specified below:

Credit Risk To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2021, the district's investments were rated AAA.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Concentration of Credit Risk To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds, and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%.

Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Foreign Currency Risk for Investments The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by limiting all investments denominated in a foreign currency to less than 5% of all investments.

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earnings investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperating Act Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool, 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service, and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported in an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is a 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Lone Star The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code Chapter 2556. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star with seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net **III.**

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance 6/30/2021
Investments by Fair Value Level:				
Debt Securities				
Federal Institution Services	\$ 3,716,514			\$ 3,716,514
Total Debt Securities	<u>3,716,514</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,716,514</u>
Equity Securities				
Industrial equipment services	29,477			29,477
	<u>\$ 29,477</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 29,477</u>
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	<u>\$ 3,745,991</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,745,991</u>

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

As of June 30, 2021, the District's interfund balances were as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Description</u>
General Fund	Special Revenue	517,675	Short-term loan
General Fund	Debt Service	67,920	Short-term loan
		<u>\$ 585,595</u>	

Interfund transfers are defined as "flow of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without requirement of repayment." The District did not have any interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

E. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	<u>7/1/2020</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>6/30/2021</u>
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,490,522	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,490,522
Construction in Progress	4,575,856	8,720,258	(1,877,287)	11,418,827
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	<u>\$ 6,066,378</u>	<u>\$ 8,720,258</u>	<u>\$ (1,877,287)</u>	<u>\$ 12,909,349</u>
Capital Assets, Depreciated				
Buildings & Improvements	94,999,477	3,251,283	(16,765)	98,233,995
Furniture and Equipment	10,006,604	560,547	-	10,567,151
Vehicles	2,892,888	274,258	-	3,167,146
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	<u>107,898,969</u>	<u>4,086,088</u>	<u>(16,765)</u>	<u>111,968,292</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings & Improvements	(47,160,941)	(3,548,774)	16,765	(50,692,950)
Equipment	(7,824,572)	(751,202)	-	(8,575,774)
Vehicles	(2,708,461)	(115,928)	-	(2,824,389)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(57,693,974)</u>	<u>(4,415,904)</u>	<u>16,765</u>	<u>(62,093,113)</u>
Governemental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 56,271,373</u>	<u>\$ 8,390,442</u>	<u>\$ (1,877,287)</u>	<u>\$ 62,784,528</u>

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Depreciation was allocated as follows:

Function Description	Amount
Instruction	\$ 1,497,084
Instrucitonal Resources and Media	23,234
Curriculum and Staff Development	84,067
Instructional Leadership	89,424
School Leadership	138,372
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation	70,275
Social Work Services	32,371
Health Services	32,927
Student Transportation	128,550
Food Services	151,926
Extracurricular Activities	74,216
General Adminsitration	134,901
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,884,587
Security and Monitoring Services	28,867
Data Processing Services	43,103
Community Services	2,000
Total	\$ 4,415,904

F. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The District's long-term liabilities consist of general obligation bonds, refunding bonds, maintenance tax notes and accrued compensated absences. The general obligation bonds are issued to provide for the acquisition of capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The current requirements for the general obligation bonds are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 JUNE 30, 2021

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

A summary general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Series	Original Issue	Final Maturity	Annual Installments	Percentage Rate	Outstanding Balance
2005 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	\$ 1,478,543	2021	\$1,478,543	0.00%	\$ -
2005 Maintenance Tax Notes	1,197,240	2021	\$1,197,240	0.00%	-
2011 Qualified School Construction Bonds	6,075,000	2028	\$6,075,000	4.69%	6,075,000
2012 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - CABs	3,456,774	2026	\$152,996 to \$420,817	0.90% to 3.71%	687,069
2016 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds	9,195,000	2038	\$130,000 to \$775,000	2% to 4%	7,680,000
2017 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds	9,060,000	2036	\$100,000 to \$1,415,000	3.00%	8,860,000
2018 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds	19,435,000	2039	\$100,000 to \$2,060,000	3% to 5%	17,375,000
2019 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds	15,855,000	2044	\$440,000 to \$890,000	3% to 5%	14,810,000
2020 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds	9,490,000	2045	\$140,000 to \$595,000	2% to 4%	9,280,000
					<u>\$ 64,767,069</u>

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021, for West Orange-Cove Consolidate Independent School District, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 67,127,112	\$ -	\$ (2,360,043)	\$ 64,767,069	\$ 2,425,864
Maintenance Tax Notes	1,197,240	-	(1,197,240)	-	-
QZABs (2)	1,478,543	-	(1,478,543)	-	-
Accretion on CAB Bonds	1,531,823	83,423	(379,957)	1,235,289	-
Other District Obligations:					
Discounts and premiums	3,582,639	-	(191,051)	3,391,588	-
Compensated absences	141,837	-	(29,806)	112,031	39,211
Net Pension Liability	8,728,260	943,081	(1,121,842)	8,549,499	-
Net OPEB Liability	11,704,744	901,036	(3,430,770)	9,175,010	-
Total District Oglibations	<u>\$ 95,492,198</u>	<u>\$ 1,927,540</u>	<u>\$ (10,189,252)</u>	<u>\$ 87,230,486</u>	<u>\$ 2,465,075</u>

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Compensated absences	Governmental	General Fund
Net Pension Liability	Governmental	General Fund
Net OPEB Liability	Governmental	General Fund

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2021.

Debt service requirements for bonds are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	2,425,864	2,294,880	4,720,744
2023	2,503,208	2,192,980	4,696,188
2024	2,592,729	2,086,230	4,678,959
2025	2,415,268	1,974,080	4,389,348
2026-2030	19,710,000	7,579,990	27,289,990
2031-2035	15,445,000	4,211,306	19,656,306
2036-2040	13,495,000	1,900,619	15,395,619
2040-2045	6,180,000	489,775	6,669,775
	<u>\$ 64,767,069</u>	<u>\$ 22,729,860</u>	<u>\$ 87,496,929</u>

A portion of the bonds sold in the Series 2012 Refunding bond issue were premium capital appreciation bonds. These obligations have par values of \$3,168,984 and maturity values of \$6,280,000. The interest on these obligations will be paid upon maturity in fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2025. The accumulated accretion for these bonds at June 30, 2021 is \$1,235,289, which has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2021.

The District is required to make sinking fund payments to the 2011 Qualified School Construction Bonds as part of the debt covenants. The payments are held in escrow and reflected as restricted assets in the fund financial statements. The District's scheduled sinking fund requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 355,000
2023	355,000
2024	355,000
2025	355,000
2026	355,000
2027	355,000
2028	360,000
	<u>\$ 2,490,000</u>

GASB Statement N. 7, "Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt," provides that refunded debt and assets placed in escrow for the payment of related debt service to be excluded from the financial statements.

As of June 30, 2021, West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's outstanding balances of bond issues that have been refunded and defeased in-substance by placing existing assets and or the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments are as follows:

<u>Bond issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Series 2012 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds	287,790
Series 2019 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds	952,275
Total	<u>\$ 1,240,065</u>

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The Series 2012 bonds that were refunded in the cash defeasance had a call day of February 2022, at which time the escrowed funds will be used to pay in full the refunded bonds. In addition, the District will realize cash flow savings in the amount of \$188,117.

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2021, as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	66,000
2023	5,500
Total Minimum Rents	<u>\$ 71,500</u>
Rental Expenditures CY	<u>\$ 66,000</u>

G. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

The District pays accumulated sick leave benefits to employees with more than 10 years of service.

H. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 203 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement age is 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the system's actuary.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers, and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018, received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Form Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025. Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2020 ACFR, Note 11, on page 82.

	Contribution Rates	
	2020	2021
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.5%
Employers	7.5%	7.5%
District's 2021 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 844,248
District's 2021 FY Member Contributions		\$ 1,352,244
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 844,248

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (including public schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Actuarial

Assumptions.

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2019 rolled forward to August 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020	2.33%
Inflation	2119
Salary Increases including inflation	2.30%
Benefit changes during the year	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. For a full description of these assumptions please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 14, 2019.

Discount Rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the statutorily required rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of current plan members.

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	New Target Allocation**	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	3.90%	0.99%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	5.10%	0.92%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.60%	0.83%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.70%	1.41%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	-0.70%	-0.05%
Stable Value Hedge	5.00%	1.90%	0.11%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.60%	1.01%
Energy, Natural Resources	6.00%	6.00%	0.42%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	3.00%	0.30%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	-1.50%	-0.03%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	-1.30%	0.08%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.00%
Volatility Drag			-0.67%
Total	100.00%		7.33%

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability. The discount rate can be found in the 2020 TRS CAFR, Note 11, page 84.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.25%	Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.25%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,183,175	\$ 8,549,499	\$ 4,784,739

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2021, West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District reported a liability of \$8,549,499 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District. The amount recognized by West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	8,549,499
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		10,958,790
Total	\$	<u>19,508,289</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2019, and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019, through August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.00167906% which was a decrease of 0.000827521% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation –

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,294,713 and revenue of \$408,524 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities

At June 30, 2021, West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	15,611	238,594
Changes in actual assumptions	1,983,788	843,493
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	173,077	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	291,240	310,059
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	348,957	-
Total	\$ 2,812,673	\$ 1,392,146

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Pension Expense</u>
2022	\$ 338,710
2023	404,413
2024	382,782
2025	98,554
2026	(133,910)
Thereafter	(18,978)

I. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium rates

	<u>Medicare</u>	<u>Non-Medicare</u>
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public-school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

<u>Contribution Rates</u>		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federa/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2021 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 246,505
District's 2021 FY Member Contributions		\$ 113,295
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 246,505

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$230.8 million in fiscal year 2020 to maintain premiums and benefit levels in the 2020-2021 biennium.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: (Actuarial assumptions can be found in the 2020 TRS CAFR, Note 9, page 75).

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019, TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2020:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Expected Payroll Growth
Rates of Disability Incidence	

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2019 rolled forward to August 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020	2.33%
Inflation	2119
Salary Increases including inflation	2.30%
Benefit changes during the year	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 0.30 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2020 TRS CAFR on page 76. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2020, using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 1.33%	Discount Rate 2.33%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 3.33%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 11,009,991	\$ 9,175,010	\$ 7,725,639

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 1, 2020, West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District reported a liability of \$9,175,010 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District were as follows:

	Total
District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 9,175,010
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	12,329,015
Total	<u>\$ 21,504,025</u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2019, and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019, thru August 31, 2020.

At June 30, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.024135544% compared to the 0.024750354% as of June 30, 2020. This is a decrease of 0.00061481%.

The following presents the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend	Current Single Healthcare Trend	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 8,218,874	\$ 9,175,010	\$ 11,412,802

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 2.63% as of August 31, 2019, to 2.33% as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB liability (TOL).
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 50 percent to 40 percent. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- The ultimate healthcare trend rate assumption was lowered from 4.50 percent to 4.25 percent as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$631,431) and revenue of (\$288,526) for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2021, West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	480,400	4,198,954
Changes in actual assumptions	565,907	2,519,505
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	2,982	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	21,205	1,161,274
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	11,024	-
Total	\$ 1,081,518	\$ 7,879,733

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	OPEB Expense
2022	\$ (1,119,545)
2023	(1,119,943)
2024	(1,120,171)
2025	(1,120,109)
2026	(875,040)
Thereafter	(1,454,431)

I. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE - RETIREES AND ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

Medicare Part D. During the year ended June 30, 2021, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$315 per month per employee to the plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third-party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

J. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable revenue at year end consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Property Taxes	2,524,667	589,464	3,114,131
Total Unavailable Revenue	<u>\$ 2,524,667</u>	<u>\$ 589,464</u>	<u>\$ 3,114,131</u>

K. DUE FROM STATE AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2021, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Total
General Fund	1,286,742	-	1,286,742
Special Revenue	-	200,436	200,436
	<u>\$ 1,286,742</u>	<u>\$ 200,436</u>	<u>\$ 1,487,178</u>

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

L. LITIGATION

None.

M. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 15, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The District is expected to receive an additional \$6.3 million in insurance payments from damages due to Hurricane Laura.

N. FUND BALANCE

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-Spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The District has \$85,885 classified as Non-Spendable
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has \$13,258,844 classified as Restricted.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. The district has \$739,401 classified as Committed.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The District has \$99,588 classified as Assigned.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds. The District has \$12,157,016 classified as Unassigned.

The elected board of trustees, for the entity, has the authority to commit, assign, and restrict fund balances. In some instances a restriction is a result of meeting contractual or otherwise legal requirements, for example debt service requirements contained in the bond covenant.

O. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment was made to decrease the government-wide net position by \$17,528 to correct the amount amortized for the Series 2020 bond premium for the fiscal year June 30, 2020.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 19,806,750	\$ 19,876,896	\$ 20,199,524	\$ 322,628
5800 State Program Revenues	5,974,911	5,080,427	6,339,279	1,258,852
5900 Federal Program Revenues	450,000	2,070,176	2,087,865	17,689
5020 Total Revenues	<u>26,231,661</u>	<u>27,027,499</u>	<u>28,626,668</u>	<u>1,599,169</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	13,386,148	13,523,901	12,553,452	970,449
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	245,649	245,649	242,770	2,879
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	308,385	339,385	306,358	33,027
0021 Instructional Leadership	621,000	621,000	615,900	5,100
0023 School Leadership	1,379,717	1,379,717	1,342,007	37,710
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	510,535	513,519	509,920	3,599
0032 Social Work Services	23,178	23,178	18,988	4,190
0033 Health Services	164,179	184,179	188,373	(4,194)
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,680,132	1,679,991	1,315,946	364,045
0036 Extracurricular Activities	766,595	920,088	678,608	241,480
0041 General Administration	1,568,024	1,576,331	1,357,338	218,993
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	3,993,029	12,117,173	10,604,388	1,512,785
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	392,979	394,721	301,507	93,214
0053 Data Processing Services	443,748	469,042	414,158	54,884
0061 Community Services	6,000	6,000	5,552	448
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	-	-	1,197,240	(1,197,240)
Intergovernmental:				
0091 Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	120,000	120,000	181,820	(61,820)
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	410,000	410,000	400,272	9,728
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>26,019,298</u>	<u>34,523,874</u>	<u>32,234,597</u>	<u>2,289,277</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	212,363	(7,496,375)	(3,607,929)	3,888,446
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:				
7919 Extraordinary Item - Resource	-	2,554,935	2,564,935	10,000
8913 Extraordinary Item - (Use)	-	(6,559,409)	-	6,559,409
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	212,363	(11,500,849)	(1,042,994)	10,457,855
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>14,001,970</u>	<u>14,001,970</u>	<u>14,001,970</u>	<u>-</u>
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 14,214,333</u>	<u>\$ 2,501,121</u>	<u>\$ 12,958,976</u>	<u>\$ 10,457,855</u>

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.015963079%	0.0167906%	0.0164978%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 8,549,499	\$ 8,728,260	\$ 9,080,771
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	10,958,790	10,326,931	10,138,777
Total	<u>\$ 19,508,289</u>	<u>\$ 19,055,191</u>	<u>\$ 19,219,548</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 17,561,616	\$ 15,478,106	\$ 14,133,060
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	48.68%	56.39%	64.25%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

<u>FY 2018</u> <u>Plan Year 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Plan Year 2016</u>	<u>FY 2016</u> <u>Plan Year 2015</u>	<u>FY 2015</u> <u>Plan Year 2014</u>
0.0164808%	0.0165219%	0.0171581%	0.0113566%
\$ 5,269,887	\$ 6,243,397	\$ 6,065,160	\$ 3,033,505
6,367,212	7,930,223	7,967,900	7,069,597
<u>\$ 11,637,099</u>	<u>\$ 14,173,620</u>	<u>\$ 14,033,060</u>	<u>\$ 10,103,102</u>
\$ 14,007,337	\$ 13,810,677	\$ 14,033	\$ 13,709,907
37.62%	45.21%	43.86%	22.13%
82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021

	2021	2020	2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 844,248	\$ 654,302	\$ 589,528
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(844,248)	(654,302)	(589,528)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 17,561,616	\$ 16,270,903	\$ 15,297,144
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.81%	4.02%	3.85%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$	566,536	\$ 530,188	\$ 521,026	\$ 469,569
	(566,536)	(530,188)	(521,026)	(469,569)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$	14,146,328	\$ 13,861,536	\$ 13,804,080	\$ 13,728,989
	4.00%	3.82%	3.77%	3.42%

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits	0.024135544%	0.024750354%	0.024706422%	\$ 0.026689691%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 9,175,010	\$ 11,704,744	\$ 12,336,143	\$ 11,606,345
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	12,329,015	15,552,989	10,384,542	\$ 9,457,352
Total	<u>\$ 21,504,025</u>	<u>\$ 27,257,733</u>	<u>\$ 22,720,685</u>	<u>\$ 21,063,697</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 17,561,615	\$ 15,478,106	\$ 14,133,060	\$ 14,007,337
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	52.24%	75.62%	87.29%	\$ 82.86%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	2.87%	2.66%	1.57%	\$ 0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 246,505	\$ 185,805	\$ 181,193	\$ 168,770
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(246,505)	(185,805)	(181,193)	(168,770)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 17,561,616	\$ 16,270,903	\$ 15,297,144	\$ 14,146,328
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.40%	1.14%	1.18%	1.19%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

COMBINING AND OTHER STATEMENTS

WEST ORANGE-COVE CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 JUNE 30, 2021

A. Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Reconciliation of Budget to GAAP Basis

	General Fund
Sources/Inflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 34,286,881
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
None	-
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 34,286,881</u>
Uses/outflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 36,375,738
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Expenditures for debt payments that are recognized for budgetary purposes but are reductions in liabilities for GAAP statements	(480,000)
Capital purchases that are expenditures for budgetary purposes but are additions to capital assets for GAAP statements	(2,078,857)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 33,816,881</u>

Explanation of Budget Variances

The District overspent in in function 33. The District will monitor expenditures to ensure all amounts have been budgeted.

The District overspent in function 71. The District paid off bonds with restricted cash, this payment was unbudgeted for the year. The District will monitor debt service requirements to ensure all amounts are budgeted.

The District overspent in function 91. The District will monitor budgets to ensure amendments are made as necessary.

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. The increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound, and the Legislature approved funding for a 13th check.

All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018, received an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Changes of Assumptions.

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefits.

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes in Assumptions.

Changes in Assumptions.

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The discount rate changed from 2.63 % as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33%, as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- The ultimate health care trend assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	205 Head Start	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	224 IDEA - Part B Formula	225 IDEA - Part B Preschool
ASSETS				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 181	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1240 Due from Other Governments	143,768	43,658	5,710	1,603
1260 Due from Other Funds	32,617	-	-	-
1300 Inventories	-	-	-	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 176,566</u>	<u>\$ 43,658</u>	<u>\$ 5,710</u>	<u>\$ 1,603</u>
LIABILITIES				
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 4,289	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$ 1,040
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	13,222	175	-	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	135,247	618	-	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	-	7,865	5,710	563
2180 Due to Other Governments	23,808	-	-	-
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>176,566</u>	<u>43,658</u>	<u>5,710</u>	<u>1,603</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable Fund Balance:				
3410 Inventories	-	-	-	-
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	-	-
Assigned Fund Balance:				
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
4000 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 176,566</u>	<u>\$ 43,658</u>	<u>\$ 5,710</u>	<u>\$ 1,603</u>

226 IDEA - Part B Discretionary	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	242 Summer Feeding Program	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	266 ESSER -School Emergency Relief	276 Title I - SIP Academy Grant
\$ -	\$ 280,335	\$ 138,153	\$ 910	\$ 9	\$ 14	\$ 14,090	\$ -
2,240	-	-	-	-	510	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	23,326	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 2,240</u>	<u>\$ 303,661</u>	<u>\$ 138,153</u>	<u>\$ 910</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 524</u>	<u>\$ 14,090</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ -	\$ 791	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 524	\$ 3,043	\$ -
-	4,453	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	35,867	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,240	9,514	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	910	9	-	11,047	-
<u>2,240</u>	<u>50,625</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>910</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>524</u>	<u>14,090</u>	<u>-</u>
-	23,326	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	229,710	138,153	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>253,036</u>	<u>138,153</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ 2,240</u>	<u>\$ 303,661</u>	<u>\$ 138,153</u>	<u>\$ 910</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 524</u>	<u>\$ 14,090</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	282	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	410 State Instructional Materials	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,622	\$ 4,174
1240 Due from Other Governments	1,441	-	-	1,506
1260 Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	-
1300 Inventories	-	-	-	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,441</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,622</u>	<u>\$ 5,680</u>
LIABILITIES				
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 321	\$ -	\$ 3,946	\$ 5,680
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	-	-	-	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	-	-	-	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	1,120	-	-	-
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	-
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	-	10,676	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>1,441</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,622</u>	<u>5,680</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable Fund Balance:				
3410 Inventories	-	-	-	-
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	-	-
Assigned Fund Balance:				
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
4000 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,441</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,622</u>	<u>\$ 5,680</u>

461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 101,068	\$ 553,556
-	200,436
-	32,617
-	23,326
\$ 101,068	\$ 809,935
\$ 1,480	\$ 56,114
-	17,850
-	171,732
-	27,012
-	23,808
-	22,642
1,480	319,158
-	23,326
-	367,863
99,588	99,588
99,588	490,777
\$ 101,068	\$ 809,935

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	205 Head Start	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	224 IDEA - Part B Formula	225 IDEA - Part B Preschool
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	1,998,873	1,424,069	605,242	68,796
5020 Total Revenues	1,999,098	1,424,069	605,242	68,796
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	975,131	652,085	354,415	68,696
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	2,381	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	80,393	408,571	430	100
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	244,764	82,887	-
0023 School Leadership	118,009	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	64,070	-	167,510	-
0032 Social Work Services	219,978	102,594	-	-
0033 Health Services	128,334	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	26,992	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	10,705	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	373,589	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	10,221	5,350	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	1,999,098	1,424,069	605,242	68,796
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

226 IDEA - Part B Discretionary	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	242 Summer Feeding Program	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	266 ESSER -School Emergency Relief	276 Title I - SIP Academy Grant
\$ -	\$ 73,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	42,627	-	-	-	-	3,846	-
401,824	1,386,754	-	35,455	90,063	15,317	287,185	3,688
401,824	1,502,753	-	35,455	90,063	15,317	291,031	3,688
401,824	-	-	34,605	-	12,767	119,781	3,688
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	50	88,849	2,275	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	30,720	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	13,448	-
-	1,567,443	35,586	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	9,692	-
-	-	-	800	1,214	275	52,278	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	24,475	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	40,637	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
401,824	1,567,443	35,586	35,455	90,063	15,317	291,031	3,688
-	(64,690)	(35,586)	-	-	-	-	-
-	317,726	173,739	-	-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ 253,036	\$ 138,153	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	282	289	410	429
		Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	State Instructional Materials	Other State Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	129,121	38,307
5900 Federal Program Revenues	1,441	96,467	-	-
5020 Total Revenues	1,441	96,467	129,121	38,307
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	1,441	95,684	129,121	37,620
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	-	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-	-	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	-	-	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	783	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-	687
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	-	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	1,441	96,467	129,121	38,307
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 93,328	\$ 166,925
-	213,901
-	6,415,174
<u>93,328</u>	<u>6,796,000</u>
-	2,886,858
-	2,381
-	580,668
-	327,651
-	118,009
-	231,580
-	322,572
-	159,054
-	40,440
-	1,603,029
94,784	104,476
-	66,055
-	398,064
-	687
-	40,637
-	15,571
<u>94,784</u>	<u>6,897,732</u>
(1,456)	(101,732)
<u>101,044</u>	<u>592,509</u>
<u>\$ 99,588</u>	<u>\$ 490,777</u>

T.E.A. REQUIRED SCHEDULES

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Last 10 Years	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2012 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various
2013	1.040000	0.286600	1,610,910,202
2014	1.170000	0.257700	1,681,766,848
2015	1.170000	0.257700	1,744,264,852
2016	1.170000	0.255000	1,754,810,316
2017	1.170000	0.255000	1,765,168,351
2018	1.170000	0.255000	1,797,849,754
2019	1.170000	0.255000	1,766,824,351
2020	1.068400	0.255000	1,881,912,951
2021 (School year under audit)	1.054700	0.255000	1,916,839,580
1000 TOTALS			

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2020	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2021
\$ 639,145	\$ -	\$ 50,551	\$ 11,957	\$ (44,216)	\$ 532,421
146,868	-	12,640	2,990	(5,889)	125,349
166,000	-	14,667	3,593	(4,184)	143,556
170,230	-	16,770	3,694	(4,745)	145,021
198,860	-	24,363	5,366	(7,836)	161,295
219,474	-	20,752	4,523	(6,347)	187,852
276,731	-	27,902	6,081	(9,548)	233,200
408,949	-	48,694	10,612	(84,322)	265,321
514,971	-	73,628	17,573	(78,839)	344,931
-	25,104,848	18,936,476	4,578,365	(404,854)	1,185,153
<u>\$ 2,741,228</u>	<u>\$ 25,104,848</u>	<u>\$ 19,226,443</u>	<u>\$ 4,644,754</u>	<u>\$ (650,780)</u>	<u>\$ 3,324,099</u>

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 103,500	\$ 103,500	\$ 73,372	\$ (30,128)
5800 State Program Revenues	38,000	38,000	42,627	4,627
5900 Federal Program Revenues	1,675,000	1,675,000	1,386,754	(288,246)
5020 Total Revenues	<u>1,816,500</u>	<u>1,816,500</u>	<u>1,502,753</u>	<u>(313,747)</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0035 Food Services	<u>1,681,997</u>	<u>1,727,657</u>	<u>1,567,443</u>	<u>160,214</u>
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>1,681,997</u>	<u>1,727,657</u>	<u>1,567,443</u>	<u>160,214</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	134,503	88,843	(64,690)	(153,533)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>317,726</u>	<u>317,726</u>	<u>317,726</u>	<u>-</u>
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 452,229</u>	<u>\$ 406,569</u>	<u>\$ 253,036</u>	<u>\$ (153,533)</u>

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 4,817,376	\$ 4,817,376	\$ 4,843,467	\$ 26,091
5800 State Program Revenues	77,500	77,500	64,624	(12,876)
5900 Federal Program Revenues	267,680	267,680	269,456	1,776
5020 Total Revenues	<u>5,162,556</u>	<u>5,162,556</u>	<u>5,177,547</u>	<u>14,991</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	5,487,874	2,786,652	3,838,586	(1,051,934)
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	2,691,222	2,691,221	1
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	10,000	6,250	3,750
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>5,487,874</u>	<u>5,487,874</u>	<u>6,536,057</u>	<u>(1,048,183)</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(325,318)	(325,318)	(1,358,510)	(1,033,192)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>8,752,946</u>	<u>8,752,946</u>	<u>8,752,946</u>	<u>-</u>
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 8,427,628</u>	<u>\$ 8,427,628</u>	<u>\$ 7,394,436</u>	<u>\$ (1,033,192)</u>

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	3445626
<hr/>		
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	2168037
<hr/>		

Section B: Bilingual Education Programs

AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	97069
<hr/>		
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	261783
<hr/>		

REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Trustees
West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

Port Neches, Texas
November 15, 2021

MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees
West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Orange-Cove Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be

2428 NALL STREET • PORT NECHES, TEXAS 77651
PHONE (409) 722-6300 • FAX (409) 722-6301
MITCHELL@MTFCPAS.COM

prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

Port Neches, TX
November 15, 2021

WEST ORANGE-COVE CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
 JUNE 30, 2021

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1 Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: **Unmodified**

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? _____ Yes X None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted: _____ Yes X No

2 Federal and State Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? _____ Yes X None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: **Unmodified**

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance? _____ Yes X None Reported

Identification of major federal and state programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs
84.010	TTL 1 1003 School Improvement
84.027	Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Federal \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes _____ No

B. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

There are no findings to be reported.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal and State Awards.

There are no findings and questioned costs to be reported.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2021

None.

None.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY			
<u>Passed Through Texas Department of Emergency Mgmt</u>			
Public Assistance Grant, 4332, Hurricane Harvey	97.036	4332-DR-TX	\$ 1,620,176
Total Passed Through Texas Department of Emergency Mgmt			1,620,176
TOTAL FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY			1,620,176
 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<u>Passed Through State Department of Education</u>			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Title I School Improvement	84.010A	20610101181906	227,840
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Title I School Improvement	84.010A	20610141181906	92,769
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Title I School Improvement	84.010A	21610101181906	1,049,364
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Title I School Improvement	84.010A	21610141181906	54,096
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.010A			1,424,069
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	206600011819066000	130,160
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	216600011819066000	475,082
*IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	84.027	66002006	50,253
*IDEA-B High Cost	84.027	66002106	35,641
*IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	84.027	206600121819066000	118,616
	84.027	216600121819066000	197,314
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			1,007,066
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	206610011819066000	16,298
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	216610011819066000	52,497
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.173			68,795
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,075,861
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	20420006181906	10,736
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	21420006181906	24,720
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.048			35,456
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	20671001181906	4,729
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	21671001181906	10,588
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.365A			15,317
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	20694501181906	45,542
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	21694501181906	44,521
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.367A			90,063
Title I SIP Academy Grant	84.377A	17610740181906	3,688
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fd	84.425D	20521001181906	287,185
Unidentified Fund from Trial Balance	84.425U	21528001181906	1,441
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			288,626
Title IV Part A Subpart 1	84.424	20680101181906	70,495
Title IV Part A Subpart 1	84.424	21680101181906	25,972
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.424			96,467

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			3,029,547
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			<u>3,029,547</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<u>Direct Programs</u>			
Head Start	93.600	06CH01017205	462,489
Head Start	93.600	06CH01177402	1,616,212
Total Assistance Listing Number 93.600			<u>2,078,701</u>
Total Direct Programs			<u>2,078,701</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			<u>2,078,701</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<u>Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture</u>			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402001	18,193
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	181-906	38,032
*National School Lunch Prog. - Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	00884	42,845
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			<u>80,877</u>
*Summer Feeding Program - Cash Assistance	10.559	181-906	117,871
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>216,941</u>
Child & Adult Care Food Program - Cash Assistance	10.558	181-906	1,169,814
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			<u>1,386,755</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			<u>1,386,755</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$ 8,115,179</u>

*Clustered Programs

WEST ORANGE-COVE CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
JUNE 30, 2021

Basis of Presentation

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*.

- **General Fund** - is used to account for, among other things, resources related to the United States Department of Defense ROTC program and the United States Department of Education's Impact Aid.
- **Special Revenue Funds** - are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

The period of performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, 3 CFR Section 200.343(b).

Assistance Listing numbers for commodity assistance are the Assistance Listing numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Reconciliation Information:

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	8,115,179
Add:		
School Health and Related Services		387,860
Interest Subsidy		269,456
Federal Program Revenues (Exhibit C-2)	\$	<u>8,772,495</u>

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

West Orange-Cove CISD

Fiscal Year 2021

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	1235289